





INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The 18x24 mm. miniature size is becoming more and more popular; the first camera of this kind with automatic exposure control is the Agfa Paramat. Small, attractively styled and light, it is an ideal pocket camera that you can always take along with you.

So simple to use:

Set focusing symbol.

Look through the viewfinder, press the release button.

Green viewfinder signal: "All clear" for the photo I

Press the shutter release right down to make the exposure. That is how quick photography is with your Agfa Paramat.





Unlike the standard 24 x 36 mm, miniature size, oblong photos in the 18 x 24 mm, size are obtained by holding the Paramat vertical and upright photos by holding the camera horizontal. The luminous frame in the viewfinder will remind you of this.



The camera can be loaded in daylight, but always in the shade—at least in body

1 First open the camera back by sliding catch towards the lens. Remove camera back in direction of arrow in figure 1.



2 Insert new film cossette so that its hale engages with the rewind crank.



- until one of the two broad slits and out film from the cassette towards the take-up spool, holding the cassette with
- 4 Insert the end of film in the slit so that the lug engages in the second perforation marked white in the illustration









5 When about *!/ye* inch |1 cm.] fell width of the film projects from the cassette, close the camera by replacing the back with the edges in the groove (cotds to "open"), tilde it up to the top part of the camera and then press down slightly. Continue pressure on the baseplote, slide the back right home underneath the top plate and set the cotth to "lock".

Every package of 35 mm film is have mostly been used for the 24 x 36 mm, size and so the length of such films has been calculated on the basis of this size. However, your Paramat gives you a picture half the size of the standard frame, i. e. 18 x 24 mm. This means that your

72 exposures on a film marked as having 36 exposures,

40 exposures on a film

marked as having 20 evangures

marked as having 12 exposures. In other words you reveive double

the number of exposures for the some price.

Please bear this point in mind when setting the film counter, described

In the baseplate of the camera is the film counter. This counts backwards and shows you the number of expo-







N.B. The disc of the rewind crank turns when the fill is transported and should therefore not be hindered in the state of the state of



transport

With your thumb swivel the rapid transport lever to the right as far as press down the shutter release as far as possible. Repeat this operation of til a figure representing double the number of exposures marked on the film carton is apposite the fixed index mark (see lower illustration. page 6].

If the rapid transport lever is blacked you will have to press the shutter release first, as the camera is fitted with a double and blank exposure lack

If you should happen to release the transport lever too soon, it returns to its original position and must then be operated again as far as it will qo.



Three symbols facilitate focusing. Depending on the subject you should set one of the three symbols reproduced in enlarged form on the right to the

If necessary, you can of course set the triangular mark to any position

Focusing symbols

Groups 12 ft, 8 in.



Additional focus settings from 3 ft. (0.9 m.) to \infty will be found on the lower part of the focusing ring: black figures = metres green figures = feet





Setting the film speed



To obtain correctly exposed photographs the film speed must first be set on the camera. The speed of each

the carton. Use a coin to turn the disc until the mark is in line with the required ASA/DIN number.

You can photograph automatically with all kinds of film having speeds of 10 to 200 ASA (11 to 25 DIN).

olding the camera

It is essential to hold your camero steady to obtain sharp pictures. You should therefore take your Paramat in both hands, holding the cames straight without filting it. On looking through the viewfinder you will see a luminous frame which surrounds the subjects and shows you the exact picture area.

For close-ups (3 ft. = 1 m.) the two small lines in the viewfinder indicate the uppermost and side limits of the picture area.





For oblong pictures hold the Poro

as shown in the upper illustration. The lower illustration shows you how

to hold the camera for upright photo graphs. Press the release button dow firmly and evenly as far as possible When holding the camera make certain that the exposure meter window is not obstructed i7 in main illustration).





First line up your subject and then hold the camera absolutely steady for about 1 second to

give the exposure meter time to react.

without altering the position of the camera. A green signal at the first pressure point means "oil clear" for the photo. Then press the shutter release right down.

If the red signal appears on taking the first pressure, stop and remove your finger from the shutter release as there is not enough light



What you need to know

The shutter of the Agfa Paramat is set for I₁₈₅ sec. When you press down the magic release botton to the first position the comera automatically selects a lens stop suitable for the lighting conditions. The green signal then appears in the viewfinder and further pressure on the botton re-

If you change the direction of your comera just before the exposure, remove your finger from the button and start afresh.

To ensure satisfactory operation of the Paramat's automatic mechanism it is assential to hold the common steady when sighting your subject and making the exposure.

Photographic tips
Where clear detail is required in
the shadows of photographs taken
against the light, it is advisable to
reduce the film speed setting on the
camera by about 3 DIN or its ASA

If you wish to photograph on reversol film (e.g. Agfacolor Reversal Film CT18) with an overcast sky, i. e. under conditions of low contrast, reduce the setting by approx. 2 DIN. For an Agfacolor Reversal Film CT18 this would mean a reduction from 18 to 16 DIN. Do not forget to set the original film speed again after making the exposure.

be photographed and it is wished to obtain the correct exposure for an object which is small in comparison with its surroundings, a close-up measurement should be taken. If this is not done, a woman in a light dress in front of a dark wood Ito give an example) could easily produce overexposure of the film. In such cases distance from the subject and press down the release button to the first pressure point. Hold it there and return to your original position to take the photograph.

City

There are three filters available for use with the Agfa Paramat in screw mounts of 25 mm, diam, As soon as a colour filter is used on the comera you will have to reduce the setting on the film speed scale occordingly.

For black and white	photography
	reduce DIN scale setting by
medium yellow	2 DIN
UV filter	no change
For special photogr	ophs.

noor light

flashlight and time exposures come to your aid—with the automatic mechanism disconnected. This is how it is

Flash photography

A flashgun with an accessory shae contact should be used on the Paramat (e. g. Agfa Tully M Flashgun or Agfalux M). The contact with the comera shutter is made simply by sliding the flashgun into the accessory



shoe. Then set the flash symbol in the window by means of the key (10 the shutter speed is 1/44 sec. The autodepending on the film speed and distance from the subject. The Aafalux and Tully flashauns are fitted with a handy lens stop calculator and suitable tables are also printed on every

Use the key (8 in main illustration) to set the required lens stop in the window.

package of flash bulbs.

When using an electronic flashgun the Agfa adaptor, type 6793, will be necessary to attach the flashgun lead. The required lens stop can be calculated from the guide number of the flashgun.

time exposures

visible in the small window. On this setting the shutter remains open as long as the release button is pressed down.



Longer shutter speeds than 1/20 seccannot be used without supporting the camera, and a tripod and cable release are then necessary. The cable release socket is at the lower end of the release button.

The B setting of the shutter is used for night photography, photographs of lightning and fireworks.

Rewinding the film

After the last exposure the counter will indicate 0 and the rapid transpart lever cannot usually be moved. The film now has to be rewaund into its light-tight cassette by means of the rewind crank.

Press the unlocking key on the top plate in the direction of the arrow (right-hand illustration, page 17). Then raise the crank with your finger-nail and swivel it autwords as shown in the left-hand illustration on page 17.

Now turn the crank clockwise (righthand illustration, page 17). Rewinding is complete when the crank turns much more freely. Only then can the camera be opened. This is done by moving the cotch on the camera base towards the lens (marked "open") and then exempting the back down





wards. Fur the cassette in its lighttight packing and mark it as exposed. On operating the rapid transport lever the unlocking key returns automatically to its original position.

FILMTIPS

has fine grain and good contour sharpness.

For sports photography the highspeed Agfa Isopan ISS is the right film.

If extra good definition is required it is advisable to use **Agfa Isopan FF**.

Before loading the camera with film as described on pages 2 to 4, here are a few suggestions to help in choosing the right film.

First of all there is Asfa Isaaca F.

First of all there is Agfa Isopan F of for black and white photography. It is

Agfacolor films open up the world of colour to you. For more than 25 years these films have been great favourites due to their natural reproduction of pastel tints and bright colours alike. Their high speed has also made colour snapshots a reality. For sharp, brilliant, realistic transparencies:

> by daylight: Agfacolor Reversal Film CT 18; by artificial light:

Agfacolor Reversal Film CK.
For wonderful colour prints:

Agfacolor Negative Film CN 17 or Agfacolor Negative Film CN 14.

general photographic tip

A good impression of depth can be obtained in your photographs if you allow the light to strike the subject from the side. Of course you can also photograph with the sun behind you, but then you must be careful to keep your own shadow out of the picture. In such cases the relief effect is less.

Photography is also possible without sunshine. With an overcast sky contrast can be heightened on block and white film by using a medium yellow or orange-red filter. The required increase in exposure can be obtained from the particulars issued by the makers.

Photos against the light call for some experience because the rays of the sun should not fall directly on the lens. It is best to take advantage of the shadaw of a tree or house and use a lens hood too.

People should not be photographed in front of bushes and trees and the sky is offen a more satisfactory background. Try adopting a crowding silion for such photographs. A change in the camera position offen relieves the monotany. Try out your Paramat with "bird's-eye" views, such as from a church tower down on to a market

square. "Worm's-eye" views can also produce amusing effects.

With views from a mountain peak or tower try to include some foreground interest.

Before taking a photograph view the subject several times to see whether the oblong or upright shape gives a better effect.

Close-ups

It is also interesting and worth-while to photograph the wonders of the miniature world at distances between 16 and 28 inches (40 and 70 cm.) from the camera. All you require for this is the Natarix close-up attachment for the Paramal and the viewfinder You can naturally use the automatic mechanism of your camera for closeups providing the green signal is visible in the viewfinder on pressing the magic button.



Every time the film is changed it is advisable to clean the inside of the camera (the loading chamber, takeup spool and pressure plate in the back) carefully with a soft camethoir brush. The same kind of brush or a soft leather should be used for cleaning the lens.



You may also be interested to know that there are Agfa Touring Maps for the Upper Bavaria, Allgou, Munich, Vienna, Cologne, Rhine and Mostelle, Lake Constance areas and Switzer-land containing photographic advice on all the points and places of interest. Ask your photographic

dealer to show you these interesting maps.

Each Paramat bears a number which is engraved on the battom of the rapid transport lever. It is advisable to make a note of it directly after purchasing the camera.

We reserve the right to make any alterations to the Agfa Paramat crising from further development.

AGFA AXTIENGESELISCHAFT CAMERA, WERK MUFNICHEN

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You save time and trouble if you mount your precious transparencies in self-seal-

The Agfascop slide viewer will be a great help to you in preparing your slide shows. Have you seen the Agfa magazine pro-

The Agta Diamator H is is an arroad and efficient projector, especially in cojunction with the Agta Lumenta screen. You should not be without a case for yo camera. There is a choice of a practic zin powerh with a carrying sling and

And it you yourself wish to be in the p ture this is possible by using the Agfor self-timer.











1 Release button

2 Accessory 3 Flosh cost

in occessory i

5 Disc for setting film speed

7 Exposure meter window

8 Key for setting lens shop (with outomatic mechanic disconnected)

0 Key for outomotic mechanism

flosh and time exposures

11 Cable release sorket





The lens fitted to your camera has been specially computed and manufactured in accordance with the very latest scientific methods to suit this type of camera.

Its performance is of a standard hitherto unobtained by other leaves having an oqual number of elements. Brilliant definition, high resolving power and excellent reproduction of detail are its outstanding durarteristics. A combination of there attributes makes it the ideal lens for miniature photography with black and white or colour film.

In addition, every lens leaving our factory is tested by the most up-to-date methods and is guaranteed for its quality and performance.

AGFA AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Camera-Werk Muenchen

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